



Pride[®] 200SC

Reg. No. L5220 Act No. 36 of 1947

GROUP 21 INSECTICIDE

A residual contact acaricide suspension concentrate for the control of certain mites in apple, pear and citrus trees, wine- and table grapes, and tomatoes.

'n Residuele kontak mytdoder in suspensie-konsentraat vorm vir die beheer van sekere myte in appel-, peer- en sitrusbome, wyn- en tafeldruiwe, en tamaties.

Active ingredient / Aktiewe bestanddeel:

Fenazaquin (Quinazoline) / Fenasakwin (Kwinasolien) ... 200 g/ℓ



Registered by / Geregistreer deur:

KLUB M5 (Pty.) Ltd.

Reg. No. 2006/023059/07

84 Swart Street | Eldoraigne X3 | Centurion

+27 12 653 1782

Griffon Poison Information Centre: +27 82 446 8946

BATCH NO.:

LOT NR.:

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

VERVAARDIGINGSDATUM:

EXPIRY DATE:

VERVALDATUM:

UN NO.:

VN NR.:

Content
Inhoud

ℓ



IMPORTANT / BELANGRIK:
Read label before use /
Lees etiket voor gebruik



**HARMFUL
SKADELIK**



Pride[®] 200 SC

Reg. No. L5220 Act No. 36 of 1947

A residual contact acaricide suspension concentrate for the control of certain mites in apple, pear and citrus trees, wine- and table grapes, and tomatoes.

'n Residuele kontak mytdoder in suspensie-konstraat vorm vir die beheer van sekere myte in appel-, peer- en sitrusbome, wyn- en tafeldruive, en Tamaties.

GROUP 21 INSECTICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL:

Fenazaquin (Quinazoline) / Fenasakwin (Kwinasolien) 200 g/l

Registered by: KlubM5 (Pty) Ltd
Co. Reg. No.: 2006/023059/07

P O Box 7402, Centurion, 0046

Tel: +27 12 653 1782

Griffon Poison Information Centre: +27 82 446 8946



WARNINGS:

- **Withholding periods** – minimum time between last application and harvesting:
 - Wine & Table Grapes: 63 days
 - Citrus: 56 days
 - Apples & Pears: 30 days
 - Tomatoes: 7 days
- Handle with extreme care.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Toxic to animals.
- Store under lock and key in a cool, dry place, away from food, feeds, seed, and fertilizers.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons, and animals.
- In case of poisoning, take the patient immediately to a doctor and make this label available to him/her.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions, because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the pest against the remedy concerned, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS:

- Wear suitable gloves and face shield for the mixing operation.
- Avoid inhalation of spray mist - wear a facemask.
- Do not eat, drink, or smoke while mixing and applying or before washing hands and face.
- Clean applicators after use.
- Dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers, and dams.

- Wash with soap and water after use or accidental skin contact.
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.
- In case of contact with skin or eyes, wash skin thoroughly with soap and water and immediately flush eyes with running water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
- Avoid drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, or dams.
- **TRIPLE RINSE THE EMPTY CONTAINER AS FOLLOWS:** Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to dripping. Thereafter rinse the empty container three times in succession with one quarter of the container volume fresh water and decant the rinsate into the spray or mixing tank.
- Puncture the triple rinsed container and dispose of via an approved collector or recycler (www.croplife.co.za).
- Do not bury, burn, or donate the container to any other parties that may use it as a container for food or beverages.
- Avoid contamination of food, feedstuffs, drinking water and eating utensils.

SYMPTOMS OF HUMAN POISONING:

With excessive doses, the signs of toxicity are likely to be diarrhoea and lethargy. This may subsequently progress to coma and death. The liver has been identified as the target organ, so repeated, excessive exposure could also cause abovementioned symptoms.

FIRST AID TREATMENT:

- **Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to an emergency facility IMMEDIATELY.
- **Eyes:** Irrigate with clean flowing water immediately and continuously for 15 minutes. Consult medical personnel.
- **Skin:** In case of contact, immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- **Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. Consult a physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote to fenazaquin. However, due to moderate single dose oral toxicity of the compound, antidotal treatment is unlikely to be required. Supportive care should be given, and medical treatment should be based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reactions of the patient.

RESISTANCE WARNING:

For resistance management purposes PRIDE 200 SC is classified as a Group Code 21 insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant PRIDE 200 SC and other Group Code 21 insecticides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly.

PRIDE 200 SC or any other Group 21 insecticide may not control these resistant insects. To delay insecticide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticides from the same insecticide Group Code.
- Alternate or tank mix with products from different insecticide Group Codes,
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insect control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management, contact Klub M5 (Pty) Ltd.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as indicated.

Compatibility:

- PRIDE 200 SC is compatible with most commonly used pesticides.
- The addition of a wetting agent may cause russetting.
- When in doubt, add PRIDE 200 SC and the intended mixing partner(s) one by one to a bucket of water at concentrations equal to label dosage rates. Agitate thoroughly and allow to settle. Make sure the mix remains homogenous with no sediment or other sign of separation.

Mixing and application instructions:

- Mix the required amount of PRIDE 200 SC with a little water before adding the final volume of water.

- Buffer the spray solution to neutral (pH 7,0) with a suitable buffer such as **UPGRADE 700 PLUS**. Do not use an acidifier that will take the spray solution to pH 5,0 or lower.
- Spray thoroughly to wet all parts of the plant.
- Commence spraying as soon as an increase in the number of mites is noticed.

CROP	PEST	DOSAGE RATE / 100 ℓ water	REMARKS
APPLES & PEARS	Red spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) European red mite (<i>Panonychus ulmi</i>)	60 mℓ	Apply as a high volume spray. The required spray volume per hectare for a specific growth stage should be accurately calculated according to the tree row volume method of Unrath (Deciduous Fruit Grower, Nov. 1986). Litres per hectare = $\frac{\text{Height (m)} \times \text{Depth (m)} \times 937}{\text{width (m)}}$ Use 100% of tree row volume in the period from the beginning of December to harvest. NOTE: Pears must be sprayed before the infestation level reaches two mites per leaf to prevent leaf drop.
CITRUS	Lowveld mite (<i>Eutetranychus orientalis</i>)	50 mℓ	Use only as a ground application. When the Lowveld Mite infestation reaches an average of four adult mites per leaf, apply as a medium cover spray to wet the foliage canopy at a minimum spray pressure of 2,800 kPa. If necessary, follow-up after one month with a different miticide – not with PRIDE 200 SC .
WINE & TABLE GRAPES	Grape bud mite (<i>Colomerus vitis</i>)	50 mℓ	Commence spraying at 10 cm shoot length. Repeat within 14 days. Under severe infestation a third and last application should be considered, but no later than 28 cm shoot length or just prior to flowering. No application should be done after the first indications of flowering. No remedy will result in 100% bud mite control – proper monitoring of incidence & severity of infestation must be made to determine the number of applications required in a season. The volume of water to be used is determined by the biomass of vines at the time of application but should not exceed 750 ℓ/ha for vigorously growing Table grapes. Apply the accepted volume of water for wine grapes for this time of the season (400 – 500 ℓ/ha).
TOMATOES	Red spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>)	75 mℓ	Apply as a full cover spray. Commence spraying at first signs of infestation, ensuring thorough coverage of all plant parts, especially the undersides of the leaves. Apply up to 2,500 ℓ spray mix/ha, depending on plant size and density. Repeat as necessary. Apply up to a maximum of three sprays as a block spray, then alternate with other miticides with a different mode of action to delay onset of resistance.

Pride is a registered trademark of Gowan Comercio Internacional e Servicos, Limitada