



Rodex
Raprotol
 RODENTICIDE

Pasta

Reg. No. / Nr. L9566 Act No. / Wet Nr. 36 of / van 1947

A ready-to-use rodenticide packed in “T” bags for the control of Rats and Mice indoors and outdoors.

’n Gereed-vir-gebruik rottdoder verpak in “T” sakkies vir die beheer van Rotte en Muise binnens-en buitenshuis.

Active Ingredients / Aktiewe Bestanddele:

Difenacoum (Anticoagulant) /
 Difenakum (Bloedstolweermiddel) 0,05 g/kg

IMPORTANT / BELANGRIK: Read label before use / Lees etiket voor gebruik

For BATCH NO. / EXPIRY DATE /
 DATE OF MANUFACTURE:
 See side of container

Vir LOT NR. / VERVALIDATUM /
 VERVAARDIGINGSDATA:
 Sien kant van houer

UN NO. / VN NR: 3026

Content / Inhoud

Registered by /Geregistreeur deur:
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**HARMFUL
 SKADELIK**



WARNINGS:

- Handle with care.
- Prevent access to bait by children and domestic animals.
- Store under lock and key away from food and feedstuffs.
- Poisonous if swallowed and upon prolonged contact with skin.
- Toxic to fish and wildlife.
- In case of poisoning, call a doctor and make this label available.

PRECAUTIONS:

- If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- Wash hands and exposed skin after handling.
- Store in original container, tightly closed and in a safe place.
- Avoid contamination of any food, food utensils, feeds and drinking water.
- Set bait stations where these will be inaccessible to children and domestic animals. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling the product.
- Destroy empty container and do not re-use it for any other purpose.
- Ensure that all the bait is consumed before disposing of the empty container.
- Dispose of dead rodents by picking it up with rubber or plastic gloves, placing the carcasses in a plastic bag containing sufficient general-purpose household disinfectant to thoroughly wet the carcasses. Seal the bag and dispose of in a safe manner.

SYMPTOMS OF HUMAN POISONING:

Bleeding from the gums and nose, bleeding under the skin, pallor, haemorrhage into and around elbow and knee joints. Blood in urine and faeces.

FIRST AID TREATMENT:

If swallowed induce vomiting by tickling the back part of the throat. Repeat until vomit is clear. Take patient IMMEDIATELY to nearest physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Intravenous Vitamin K1, 10 – 20 mg depending on prothrombin time. In severe cases small transfusions of fresh blood.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as directed.

- Bait bags should be used un-opened as the rodents will also eat the bag material.
- Place bait where there are signs of rodent activity, like fresh droppings, inside or near burrows, runways, and rodent feeding places.
- Place bait points throughout the infested area.
- Store un-used bags in this pack, close securely and keep in a safe place out of reach of children and animals.

- **For rat infestations**, use bait points of up to 10 bags. Place bait points 10 m apart reducing to 5 m in cases of high infestation.
- **For mouse infestations**, use bait points of 2 bags. Place bait points 5 m apart reducing to 2 m in cases of high infestation.
- Protect bait points from non-target animals and from water, preferably using commercially available bait stations. Where these are not available, place the bait on bait trays inside pieces of drainage pipe or under sections of slate, board, or corrugated iron.
- Bait bags may be fixed by “spiking” onto wire inside bait stations.
- Make frequent inspections of the bait points during the first 10 – 14 days and replace any bait eaten by rodents or that has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.
- If all the bait has been eaten from certain areas, increase the quantity of bait by placing more bait points. Do not increase the bait point size.
- Precautions should be taken to prevent domestic animals from having access to the bait.
- The resistance status of the target population should be considered when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used.
- **RODEX RAPTOR PASTA** is effective against strains of rodent resistant to earlier anticoagulants such as warfarin, etc.