



Rodex
Raprotol
RODENTICIDE

Grain Bait

Reg. No. / Nr. L9567 Act No. / Wet Nr. 36 of / van 1947

A highly active anticoagulant grain bait for the control of the Norway Rat, Roof Rat, the House Mouse and Gerbilles.

'n Hoogs aktiewe antibloedstollingslokaas vir die beheer van die Noorweegse Rot, Dak Rot, die Huismuis en Springhaasrotte.

Active Ingredients / Aktiewe Bestanddele:

Difenacoum (Anticoagulant) /
 Difenakum (Bloedstolweermiddel) 0,05 g/kg

and the human aversive agent Denatonium Benzoate /
 en die mens-afweermiddel Denatoniumbensoaat 0,01 g/kg
IMPORTANT / BELANGRIK: Read label before use / Lees etiket voor gebruik

For BATCH NO. / EXPIRY DATE /
 DATE OF MANUFACTURE:
 See side of container

Vir LOT NR. / VERVALIDATUM /
 VERVAARDIGINGSDATA:
 Sien kant van houer

UN NO. / VN NR: 3026

Content / Inhoud

Registered by /Geregistreer deur:
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**HARMFUL
 SKADELIK**



WARNINGS:

- Use only in accordance with the instructions on the label.
- Avoid all contact by mouth.
- Prevent access to bait by children, birds, and non-target animals particularly dogs, cats, pigs, and poultry.
- Search for and remove rodent bodies at frequent intervals during treatment, ideally at each inspection.
- Collect and dispose of the remains of bait and any remaining rodent bodies after treatment.
- Ensure that all the bait is consumed before disposing of the empty container.
- Dispose of dead rodents by picking it up with rubber or plastic gloves, placing the carcasses in a plastic bag containing sufficient general-purpose household disinfectant to thoroughly wet the carcasses. Seal bag and dispose of in a safe manner.
- All waste should be double-bagged using bin liners or similar before disposal in a bin with a secure lid to prevent accidental poisoning of dogs, cats, birds, and other animals.
- Do not dispose of in any other way.
- Do not place bait where food, feed or water could become contaminated.
- Harmful to wildlife.

PRECAUTIONS:

- If you feel unwell, seek medical advice and show the label.
- Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use.
- Store in the original container, tightly closed and in a safe place, out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- Empty container completely and dispose of safely.
- Wild mammals and birds may be at greater risk if this product is not used in accordance with the label.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:

Bleeding from the gums and nose, bleeding under the skin, pallor, haemorrhage into and around elbow and knee joints. Blood in urine and faeces.

FIRST AID TREATMENT:

Difenacoum is an indirect anticoagulant. Phytomenadione, Vitamin K1 is antidotal.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Determine prothrombin times not less than 18 hours after consumption. If elevated, administer Vitamin K1 until prothrombin time normalises. Continue determination of prothrombin times for 2 weeks after withdrawal of antidote and resume treatment if elevation occurs in that time.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as directed.

- Place bait where there are signs of rodent activity, like fresh droppings, inside or near burrows, runways, and rodent feeding places.
- Place bait points throughout the infested area.
- **For rat infestations**, use bait points of up to 180 g. Place bait points 10 m apart reducing to 5 m in cases of high infestation.
- **For mouse infestations**, use bait points of up to 30 g. Place bait points 5 m apart reducing to 2 m in cases of high infestation.
- Protect bait points from non-target animals and from water, preferably using commercially available bait stations. Where these are not available, place the bait on bait trays inside pieces of drainage pipe or under sections of slate, board, or corrugated iron suitable weighted.
- Make frequent inspections of the bait points during the first 10 – 14 days and replace any bait that has been eaten by rodents, or has been damaged by water, or contaminated by dirt.
- If all the bait has been eaten from certain areas, increase the quantity of bait by placing more bait points.
- Do not increase the bait points size.
- Precautions should be taken to prevent non-target animals from having access to the bait.
- The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used.
- **RODEX RAPTOR GRAIN BAIT** is effective against rodents resistant to earlier anticoagulants.